

CO-ORD. OF VECTORS.

Let $V(F)$ be F.D. V.S. and $B = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$ is an ordered basis. If $x \in V$ can be written as

$$x = \alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2 + \dots + \alpha_n x_n$$

Then, $(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n) \rightarrow$ Co. ORD. of the vector w.r.t to basis B .

~~Ex~~ Eg: Let $V(\mathbb{R}) = \mathbb{R}^3(\mathbb{R})$ be a V.S. and $B = \{(1,0,0), (0,1,0), (0,0,1)\}$

$B_1 = \{(1,0,0), (1,1,0), (1,1,1)\}$ are two ordered basis. Then, co. ord. of vector $(1,7,5) \in V$ w.r.t basis B and B_1 resp. are?

$$(1,7,5) = 1(1,0,0) + 7(0,1,0) + 5(0,0,1)$$

$(1,7,5)$ is a co-ORD. w.r.t B .

$$(1,7,5) = \alpha(1,0,0) + \beta(1,1,0) + \gamma(1,1,1)$$

$$\alpha + \beta + \gamma = 1 \quad \text{As } \alpha = -6$$

$$\beta + \gamma = 7 \quad \Rightarrow \beta = 2$$

$$\gamma = 5$$

$\therefore (-6, 2, 5)$ is the co. ORD. w.r.t. basis B_1

#Quest. Let K be a subfield of Field $\mathbb{R}$ F . s.t. $|F| = 7^6$ and $|K| = 7^2$. If $F(K)$ be a V.S. Then,

(A) $\dim(F) = 1$

✓ (B) $\dim(F) = 3$

(C) $\dim(F) = 7$

(D) $\dim(F) = 7^2$

$$|V| = |F|^{\dim V}$$

$$|V| = (7^2)^{\dim V}$$

$$7^6 = (49)^{\dim V}$$

$$(49)^3 = (49)^{\dim V}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dim V = 3$$

$$\text{i.e. } \boxed{\dim F = 3}$$